Carnegie Mellon Music

Carnegie Mellon University College of Fine Arts

Department of Music, Marilyn Taft Thomas, Head

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The Carnegie Mellon Philharmonic Orchestra Juan Pablo Izquierdo, Director of Orchestral Studies

> September 30, 1994 at 8:00 p.m. Soldiers and Sailors Memorial Hall, Oakland

Carnegie Mellon University College of Fine Arts Department of Music

presents

The Carnegie Mellon Philharmonic Orchestra Juan Pablo Izquierdo, Director of Orchestral Studies

Symphony No. 5 in C minor, Op. 67 Allegro con brio Andante con moto Scherzo: Allegro	Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827)
Carmen Suite Les Toréadors Aragonaise Habanera	Georges Bizet (1838-1875)
Danse Bohème Bolero	Maurice Ravel (1875-1937)

Program Notes (continued)

Ravel: Bolero

Joseph-Maurice Ravel was born in Ciboure, France, on March 7, 1875 (four days after the premiere of <u>Carmen</u>) and died in Paris on December 28, 1937. At age fourteen he commenced his studies at the Paris Conservatory, studying piano with Charles de Bériot, harmony with Émile Pessard, counterpoint with André Gédalge, and composition with Gabriel Fauré. Ravel was expelled from Fauré's composition class in 1900 and never attained any higher academic status than "former student." Regarding his unsuccessful entry in the 1901 Prix de Rome competition, Ravel himelf wrote: "A rather curious thing was explained to me: I possess a melodic tap at a place which you will not permit me to designate more clearly, and music flows from it effortlessly. This gracious metaphor comes to me from your dear teacher X. Leroux..." Leroux, of course, had been a member of the Prix de Rome jury.

Boléro (originally titled <u>Fandango</u>) was composed as music for a ballet at the request of Madame Ida Rubinstein. Ravel took about five minutes to write it, and it was premiered at the Paris Opera by the Rubinstein troupe on November 22, 1928. The 1934 Paramount Pictures film <u>Bolero</u>, starring Carole Lombard and George Raft, utilized the piece extensively throughout the sound track.

~~Kenneth Langevin

About the Conductor

Juan Pablo Izquierdo was born in Santiago, Chile. After graduating in Composition at the University of Chile he became a pupil of the renowned German conductor Hermann Scherchen with whom he studied for three years in Switzerland. He initiated his career conducting National and Philharmonic Orchestras in Santiago.

In 1966 he won the First Prize in the Dimitri Mitropoulos International Competition for Conductors in New York, and was named Assistant Conductor to Leonard Bernstein with the New York Philharmonic.

From 1974 to 1985 he was Music Director of the Testimonium Israel Festival in Jerusalem and Tel-Aviv conducting world first performances of major contemporary composers such as Iannis Xeneakis, Mauricio Kagel, Gilbert Amy, Tomas Marco, Emmanuel Nunes, Leon Schidlowsky, and Samuel Adler, among others.

He has been awarded the National Critics Award in Santiago and in 1976 the National Music Prize by the Israel Ministry of Culture.

He has been Music Director of the Gulbenkian Orchestra in Lisbon and Music Director of the Santiago Philharmonic Orchestra which he reorganized and conducted until 1986. In 1990 he inaugurated the Claudio Arrau Symphony Orchestra in Santiago with an opening attendance of 15,000. Instrumental in forming the new orchestra, he is now its Music Director.

Mr. Izquierdo has been professor-in-residence at Indiana University in Bloomington and is currently Director of Orchestral Studies at Carnegie Mellon University in Pittsburgh, PA.

His internation career includes conducting orchestra such as: Bavarin Radio Orchestra, Hamburg Radio Orchestra, Frankfurt Radio Orchestra, Vienna Symphony, Leipzig Radio Orchestra, Berlin Radio Orchestra, Dresden Philharmonic, New Philharmonic, National Orcestra and Ensemble Intercontemporain in Paris, the Jerusalem Symphony and Israel Chamber Orchestras, Radio TV and National Symphony of Spain, and Radio Philharmonic of Holland, among others.

He has conducted in world famous music festivals such as: Berlin Festival, at the Berlin Philharmonie; Holland Festival, at the Concertgebouw in Amsterdam; Frankfurt Festival, at the Alte Oper; Paris Automme Festival at Radio France; Vienna Festival, at the Musikverein; Testimonium Israel Festival in Tel-Aviv and Jerusalem and Strasbourg Festival, among others.

He has recently, during the 1992-1993 season, conducted an extended series of 11 performances in Madrid. He has worked again with the Jerusalem Symphony and last May conducted several first performances for the Rhein Festival in Germany and a number on concerts in Santiago with the Claudio Arrau Orchestra in which he included the first South American performance of the "Ballet Mecanique" by George Antheil.

During the past season he has been conducting the Philharmonic Orchestra of Mexico City, the Berlin Radio Orchestra in Berlin, the Budapest Philharmonic in Budapest, the Teatro Colon Philharmonic in Buenos Aires and the usual concert series in Santiago.

Program Notes

Beethoven: Symphony No. 5 in C minor

Beethoven's Symphony No. 5 in C minor, Op. 67, is probably more inseparably identified with the very notion of "classical" music than any other work, particularly its inescapably familiar opening "da-da-da-duhhh" motif. There is some reason to believe that this motif was taken from one of the numerous bird-calls that so intrigued Beethoven, specifically, that of the European bunting, Emberiza citrinella. As this pattern of three shorts and a long stands for the letter "V" in Morse code, the motif was used by the Allies in World War II as a victory symbol, and "Beethoven's Fifth" became a household word and radio favorite. Nicholas Slonimsky has also pointed out that "the Germans could not very well jail people for whistling a Beethoven tune, so they took it over themselves as the first letter of the archaic German work Biktoria, and trumpeted it blithely over their radios."

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Like most of Beethoven's works, the Fifth Symphony gradually coalesced over an extended period of time, in this case, from around 1800 to March of 1808. Beethoven interrupted work on it in the summer of 1806 to compose his Fourth Symphony, and the Sixth ("Pastoral") was also "under construction" at this time. Moreover, Beethoven was also rumored to be in the market for a librettist for a projected opera on Goethe's Faust. This "Grand Symphony in C minor" was premiered with "A Symphony entitled 'A Recollection of Country Life' " (i.e., the "Pastoral") and other new pieces by Beethoven on Thursday, December 22, 1808, at the Theater-an-der-Wein in Vienna, the composer conducting. It was released in Leipzig by Breitkopf and Härtel in April of 1809, with the Sixth Symphony (Op. 68) following in May.

Program Notes (continued)

Bizet: Carmen Suite

Alexandre-César-Léopold Bizet was born at No. 26 Rue de la Tour d'Auvergne in Paris on October 25, 1838. His godfather, Philippe-Louis Brulley de la Brunière, however, did not like that name and called him Georges instead; the name stuck. Bizet's father was a singing teacher; his mother was a capable pianist of considerable intellect. At the age of nine Bizet entered the Paris Conservatory, where he studied piano with Antoine-François Marmontel, organ with François Benoist, harmony with Pierre-Joseph-Guillaume Zimmerman, and composition with Jacques-François-Fromental-Élie Halévy. In 1857 he won the Prix de Rome.

Bizet's opera <u>Carmen</u> is generally considered his best work. Based on the 1847 novel by Prosper Mérimée, via the libretto of Henri Meilhac and Ludovic Halévy (nephew of J.-F.-E.), it opened at the Paris Opéra-Comique on March 3, 1875 with Célestine Galli-Marié in the title role. Eerily, on June 2 during the Act III reading of the cards, when Carmen foretells her own death ("moi d'abord, ensuite lui, pour tous les deux la mort!"), Galli-Marié became oppressed with foreboding and fainted upon reaching the wings. Unbeknownst to her, Bizet, confined to his bed, had lost consciousness for the last time during Act III and would be dead by 3 a.m.

Excerpts from <u>Carmen</u> known as the first and second "Carmen" suites consists of material reworked by Fritz Hoffmann in 1906 for Breitkopf und Härtel.

CARNEGIE MELLON PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

Juan Pablo Izquierdo, Director of Orchestral Studies

Viol	n I	
*And	irea	Campos

*Kathy Kim
I-Chun Hsieh
Matthew Thorpe
Stephanie Kurtzman

Gabriel Pliego Inger Peterson Carle Sharon Andrews Jeremy Williams

Edith Bradway Sarah O'Boyle

Judy Weaver

Violin II

*Ivan Perez

+Leigh Mahoney

Abel Romero

#Matthew Petrone

Kristina Krauja Peter Stone

Carrie Walsh

Ying Lin Shih-Shu Lo

Elizabeth Keller Yanit Epstein

Viola

*Karen Bea +Meng-Hau Liu Adriana Linares Ten-Lan Chu

Deana Urban Tatyana Dudkin

Holly Tait

Ruth Vestrat

*Principal/Concertmaster +Assistant Principal

#Orchestra Manager

Cello

*Chizuko Matsusaka

+Elizabeth Vandervennet +Susanna Reilly

Erin Eyles Grace Wu

Carolyn Segermark

Rachael Brown Yiu-Wen Chou Jeanne Strittmatter

Jonathan Simon

Bass

*Daniel Bodwell +Shouw-Youn Fu

David Pellow

David Larocca

Daryl Mielke Gregg Sheer

Flute

*Makiko Nishio / *Lida Kim

+JuHee Kim

Ellen Vance (alto flute, piccolo)

Oboe

*Renate Sakins

+Jennifer Raymond

+Lenny Young

Nancy Kranak (English horn,

oboe d'amore)

Clarinet

*Anthony Franco +Nicholas Lewis

Tara McDonald

Hwekyoung Kim

Celeste

Ram Shenkar

Bassoon

*Jose Arion Linares

+Cortney Eshelman

Palmer Shepherd (contrabassoon)

Annie Yu

Saxophone

Jeremy Fletcher (tenor) Manu Narayan (soprano)

French Horn

*David Warnke

Jennifer Little Andrew Copper

Constance Thomas

Trumpet

*Drew Fennell

+Andrew Augustine

Matthew Barabas

David Gedris

Trombone

*Mark Snyder

Robert Tupper

Christopher Balas (bass)

Tuba

Christopher Meeder Jason Venesky

Harp

Lee-Fei Chen

Gretchen Thiemecke

Percussion

*Paul Evans

Todd Hartman

I-Chih Hsieh

Michael Lanford

Ben Noble

Upcoming Events

October 1 Tour of Pianos
Leaving from the Grand Foyer by Alumni Concert Hall
College of Fine Arts; 1:00-3:00 p.m.

October 1 A Tribute to Lee Cass: A Retrospective Video Alumni Concert Hall, College of Fine Arts; 2:00 p.m.

October 1 The CMU Trio
Mellon Institute Auditorium; 3:00 p.m.
Tickets: \$10.00

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Concert Line: 268-2383

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Inquiries concerning application of these statements should be directed to the Provost, Carnegie Mellon University, 5000 Forbes Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA 15213, telephone (412) 268-6684 or the Vice President for Enrollment, Carnegie Mellon University, 5000 Forbes Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA 15213, telephone (412) 268-2056.